

# Alexandria

## AND COMMERCIAL



# Advertiser

## INTELLIGENCER.

VOL. III.]

SATURDAY, APRIL 10, 1803.

No. 726.

### Sales by Auction.

*On WEDNESDAY,*  
At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store, the corner of King and Union Streets.

Rum in hhds. and barrels,  
Whiskey in barrels,  
Apple Brandy in barrels,  
Gin in casks,  
Wine in pipes and quatter casks,  
Molasses in hhds.  
Sugar in hhds. and barrels,  
White and brown Soap in boxes,  
Coffee in casks and bags,  
Raisins in kegs and boxes,  
Queen's Ware, and

ALSO,

#### A variety of DRY GOODS.

AMONG WHICH ARE—  
Broad Cloths, Irish Linens,  
Cassimere, Calicoes,  
Kerseys, Threads,  
Coatings, Chintzes,  
Halfhicks, Bedticks,  
Fearnought, Oznaburgs,  
Blankets, Sewing Silks,  
Planes, Mullin and Muslin  
Negro Cottons, Handkerchiefs,  
Worsted and other India Cottons, &c.  
Stockings, &c.  
THOS. PATTEN, Auctioneer.  
April 16.

### Public Vendue.

*On TUESDAY,*  
At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

Rum in hogheads and barrels.  
French Brandy in pipes,  
Gin in pipes and bls.  
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.  
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.  
Coffee in tierces and bags,  
Chocolate  
White and brown Soap } in boxes,  
Mould and dip'd Candles  
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,  
Figs in kegs and frails,  
Queens Ware in crates,  
FURNITURE, &c.

A L S O,

#### A variety of DRY GOODS.

Among which are,  
Cloths, Coatings,  
Kerseymeres, Duffils,  
Plains and Kerseys,  
Negro Cottons, Serges,  
Elasticks, blue Friezes,  
Calimancoes and Russells,  
Yarn Stockings,  
Chintzes and Calicoes,  
Irish Linens, Silesia do.,  
Platillas,  
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,  
Muslins and Muslin Hand'fs,  
India Muslins and Table Cloths  
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,  
Silk Stockings,  
Coloured Threads, Hats,  
Plated Candlesticks,  
And sundry other Articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

April 15.

### Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of William Triplett, of Round Hill, deceased, are requested to bring them forward for adjustment and payment; and all those indebted to the estate, are respectfully called upon to make immediate payment to the Executors—it being their anxious wish to close all the accounts, and settle with the legatees as soon as possible.

CHARLES LITTLE, } Ex'tors.  
GEO. TRIPLETT, }

March 1.

d

Just Received and for Sale,  
Sweet Oranges, Lemons, Limes  
and Cocoa Nuts. A/o,  
A few boxes of excellent Havan-  
na SEGARS.

J. DYSON.

March 18.

### Public Sale.

Will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, on Saturday the 16th of April, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon,

*The Lot with the House*  
thereon, at the South East corner of Cameron and Alfred streets, formerly the property of Mr. Thomas Richards. Also, several vacant

*Building Lots*  
adjoining thereto, on Alfred street between Cameron and King streets. The house is pleasantly situated and in good order for the accommodation of a family.

Wm. CRAIK.

April 9.

### Public Sale.

*On Thursday the 21st of April at 10 o'clock in the forenoon will be sold to the best bidder,*

*That Valuable PROPERTY,*  
*to wit:*

One House and Lot of ground on Prince Street, now occupied by Mr. R. Young, the House is well finished; the lot fronts on Prince Street 22 feet and in depth 132 feet.—Another House and lot on the West side of Washington street, between Prince and Duke Street, fronting on Washington 22 feet, and in depth 123 feet. Also three Lots of ground on Cameron street, between Pitt and Washington streets, 24 feet front and 101 feet and 7 inches in depth, to a 12 feet ally. The whole of the above property in fee simple and clear of all incumbrance. Terms &c. will be made known at the place of sale.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

April 9.

### Notice.

The subscribers being appointed agents for delivering Mr. Carey's FAMILY BIBLE in Alexandria, and the country adjacent—this is to inform those who hold subscriptions, that the Bibles are just come to hand, and are now ready for delivery at their book and stationery store in King street.

R. and J. GRAY.

Who have lately received,  
A large supply of English and American WRITING PAPER,

of different qualities, & a good assortment of Latin and English school books, for wholesale and retail.

April 9.

### For Sale,

ONE half of the valuable tracts of LAND, in Stafford county, called Bell Plains and Hickory Bottom, late the property and residence of George Lee Waugh, deceased. Upon the land are an excellent dwelling house, with four rooms on each floor, and passage; a large barn, kitchen, dairy, and smoke house: bounded on one side by Potomac creek, where is an excellent fishery, and abundance of wild fowl in the season. This land will be sold altogether or in lots, as may best suit the purchasers. Any person desirous of viewing it, will be shewn Bell Plains, by applying to Mr. Cary Seldon who lives convenient, and the Hickory Bottom tract by Mr. John Sweetman, who can also shew all the lines.

If this land is not disposed of by private sale, it will be set up to the highest bidder, at Mr. Estes's tavern in Fredericksburg, on Friday the 6th day of May next, where a plat will be shewn to those who wish to purchase.

Two thirds of the purchase money must be paid down. Twelve months credit will be given for the balance, on giving bond with approved security, to bear interest from the date. For other particulars apply to the subscriber, who is authorised by the Devises to bargain for the same.

Gawin Corbin Turberville.  
King George County, Doegg, } dds  
April 5, 1803.

### BRIDGES.

*On Tuesday the third of May next, being the second day of Prince William court, at the court house of said county, between the hours of 12 and 4 o'clock, will be let to the lowest bidder,*

*The building of two Bridges, of stone; one over Cedar Run, near Cornwallis's Ford, and the other over Broad Run, near Atwell's Ford. A plan will be shewn on the day of sale, by the commissioners. Bond with satisfactory security will be required. Two thousand dollars are now ready subject to the orders of the commissioners.*

James Ewell,  
Thos. Lee, sen.  
Charles Ewell,  
Bernard Hoe, jun.

April 8.

dd's

### SALT,

*Suitable for the Fisheries, and ENGLISH COAL,*  
for sale on board the barque Henry, Capt. Trotter, just arrived from Liverpool. Apply to

R. T. HOOD & Co.

*Who have likewise for Sale,*

*A quantity of English Slate for covering houses; Port, Dry Lisbon, & Calcavello Wines in qr. casks; soft shell'd Almonds in bags; Earthen Ware in crates, Stone Ware in crates; London Porter in casks; Pipes in boxes; Marble Slabs for Hearths, and a quantity of Georgia Cotton in bags.*

March 31.

### Turk's Island Salt.

*Just received 1600 bushels of Turk's Island SALT, afloat at Irwin's wharf—Also, a few boxes of fresh Prunes for sale by*

J. and J. H. TUCKER.

March 28.

### Fifteen Dollars Reward.

*RAN AWAY on Saturday, the 5th of this month, a bright Mulatto Man, named STEPHEN; about 28 or 30 years of age: He is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, pleasant countenance, speaks rather slow, but very active and handy at any work; he served an apprenticeship to a weaver, is a good workman at that business, and a remarkable good hand in a brick-yard; in short, he is smart at any thing he is set about; he is very fond of spirits of any kind. I cannot describe his dress. He never ran away before, so I expect he has been enticed off by some artful villain; if it be the case, and the man can be apprehended, I will give 50 Dollars on his conviction of the theft.*

ROBERT BOGESS.

*N. B. I forewarn all persons from harboring said fellow at their peril, as in that case they may expect to be prosecuted.*

Fairfax County, March 22.

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### GOODS for SALE.

*TO BE SOLD,*  
By private bargain, before the 8th day of next m<sup>r</sup>ch, the

### STOCK of GOODS,

of an extensive and well assorted retail store—the goods imported by the proprietors. Only a small advance on the cost will be required, and liberal credit given upon bond and approved security. Apply to Mr. Brown, Dumfries.

April 12.

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### J. & JAS. H. TUCKER,

*Have for Sale,*

14 Hhds. first quality, Muscovado

Sugar,

25 Bls. do. do.

25 Bags green Coffee,

1200 Bushels coarse Salt,

500 Spanish Hides,

1000 Hanks Seine Twine,

And a general assortment of

GROCERIES.

N. B. Cash given for Indian Corn.

Jan. 31.

eo.

Printing in all its va-

riety executed at this office

with neatness and dispatch.

### To Rent,

*From the first day of June next,  
A two story Brick House on  
Duke street, well fin shed and every ne-  
cessary building annexed to it. Also,*

*To Let, or for Sale,*

*A valuable vacant Lot ad-  
joining the Bank, on Cameron street. For  
terms apply to*

LAWRENCE HOOFF, sen.

April 15.

d

A few bushels of  
CLOVER SEED,  
just received and for sale by

PHINEAS JANNEY.

4th Mo. 14.

d

John Gardner Ladd  
HAS FOR SALE,

*At his warehouse, Prince street wharf,  
on very reasonable term, for cab, or  
approved credit,*

Muscovado Sugar in hhds. and

buckets,

India and Havanna white do.

Loaf do.

Coffee in bags,

W. India and N. England Rum,

French Brandy, Holland Gin,

Fresh Hyson,

Young Hyson, TEAS,

Imperial

India Cottons,

Bandanna Handkerchiefs,

Russia Duck and Sheetings,

Ish Linens,

Bar Iron, cotton and wool Cards,

Sole Leather, Shoes of all sorts,

Pepper, Nutmegs and Cinnamon,

Brimstone, Allum and Copperas,

Window Glass,

Cables and Cordage of all sizes,

Wrought and cut Nails,

Spermaceti and tallow Candles,

Soap, Cheese, Oil,

Sherry, WINES,

Lisbon, Malaga,

A few boxes excellent Claret,

A few baskets excellent French Cordial,

Boxes of Olives and Capers,

Salt, prime and mess Beef,

3 bales hatters' Wool,

5 lbs. Verdigrise,

A few bags fresh Hops,

boxes of Raisins,

casks Pearl Ashes,

do. Salt Petre,

Manufactured Tobacco,

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General Assembly,  
votes.

WINCHES

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and two Delegates  
this Commonwealth  
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For C

Gen. Smith,  
Capt. Joseph Sexton  
For S

Lewis Wolfe, Esq.  
George North, Esq.  
For D

Maj. Hugh Holmes  
John Milton, Esq.  
James Chipley, Esq.  
Samuel Kercheval,

Both the candida  
Democratic Republic  
of Frederick and Sh  
district—the election

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General Smith's int

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House of Assembly a  
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pendent honest farmer

federal Republican that

Lewis Wolfe, Esq.  
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this county for the Se  
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We forgot to ment  
John Ship, Esq. who  
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Alexandria

SATURDAY,

The President's Letter

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"The committee t  
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N.Y.

As public attention has been excited by the trial and execution of colonel Despard and his associates, we trust that the following charge of lord chief justice Ellenborough to the jurors, on summing up the evidence given against col. Despard, and his solemn and affecting address to the prisoners on passing sentence, will not be uninteresting.

(N.Y. pap.)

Lord ELLENBOROUGH summed up nearly as follows:—Gentlemen of the jury, the evidence on both sides, and the arguments of counsel being concluded, it only now remains for me to discharge my duty. An irksome duty it certainly is, but considering with what minds you come prepared, for I have observed your deep attention to all parts of the cause, it will facilitate my means of doing it. Those means are by a faithful detail of the evidence, and such faithful observations upon it, as I am best able to make. Gentlemen, the prisoner stands charged with high treason, of three sorts, not very different in their nature: 1st, For compassing the death of the king; 2dly, For compassing to seize his person; and 3dly, For conspiring to depose him. The first of these is treason, by the statute of Edward III.; the two last, by a recent statute of the present reign. Eight distinct overt acts are stated as evidence of this intention. It is not necessary to do more than to state the substance of them. Gentlemen, the overt acts are the holding conversations for effecting those malignant purposes of heart. Before I state the evidence of the overt act, I think fit to say a word or two on the topics urged respecting the nature of the proof. It is said, by the defendant's counsel, to consist only of words, and that it cannot be treason. If it consisted only of loose words, the ebullition of an irritated or crazy mind, it would not be treason, because it would be too much to infer such a purpose as the destruction of the king from words so spoken. But when words are spoken at a public meeting, and addressed to others, exciting and persuading them to that purpose, it never was doubted by any one English lawyer; it never will be doubted but that they amount to treason. Another subject upon which I wish to say a few words is, the nature of evidence by accomplices. That he is a competent witness, upon whose testimony you may find a conclusion, cannot be doubted. If it were not so, it would be a dereliction of duty in the judges sitting here, and those who have formerly sat in courts of justice not to have repealed such witnesses from the oath, and have told the jury that they were not fit to be credited. But they are always received and although tainted with the contamination of the crime which they impute to others, they are credible, though their testimony must be received with caution and attention. They may be confirmed by various circumstances, by the clearness of their own narration, or by the narration of others. They may be confirmed by the coincidence of external circumstance, and broken in upon by no one fact of adverse circumstance. In the case before us, when so many scenes are laid, all of which if untrue, may be falsified, and it is falsified in no one instance; if a person so situated is not to be believed, it would form a case by which conspiracies would always be protected, because conspiracies can never be known, but through some who were participants in the crime. But the case would be otherwise as it regarded some who are not strictly accomplices. Such as I take it, is the case of Windsor. I do not think strictly that he can be called an accomplice, through, without question, a great degree of blame attaches to him for his conduct in repeatedly going to these meetings. Gentlemen, having made these observations, and if each evidence is confirmed, is consistent, is uncontradicted, and more especially confirmed from pure four- ges, it ought to be credited. I shall now proceed to detail the evidence itself." His lordship here read verbatim the whole of the evidence taken through the day. In commenting upon the form of oath he observed, that it appeared on the face of it to have an ulterior purpose, which was to be carried by the castles of arms, and not at reason or argument, or why was there a provision to be made "for the families of the heroes who should fall in the contest?" and if Despard was found distributing these papers, and acting with

those united in the bond, it formed strong indicia of the purposes of his mind. Having gone over the evidence, his Lordship continued, "Gentlemen this is the whole of the evidence; and you have been properly told, there is no question of law in this case. It is admitted that a traitorous scheme did exist; but it is denied that it was the prisoner's. If it was not his treason, whose was it? If the witnesses produced upon their oath were not to be believed, it was often to impeach them; but no such thing is done. Then, with respect to accomplices, we find in the law books particularly in the case of King, Charnock, and another, that the evidence was wholly that of accomplices, without half so many circumstances of corroboration as are found in this case. The main circumstance of the case is confirmed—that of the treason. Then who is the traitor? The prisoner is found in the society of those most unfit for his rank and situation, no account is given why he attended those meetings; we find him sitting down and associating with common soldiers, and partaking of their ordinary fare.

No other explanation is given of this but his former character; happy, indeed, would it have been for him if he had preserved that character down to this moment of peril. Now, gentlemen, this is the whole evidence on the one side, and on the other; see how it applies to the charge: first, with respect to an overt act, committed within the country. It is proved at the Oakley Arms, and at the Flying Horse; that point of law is therefore satisfied. The only remaining consideration is, whether you will believe the evidence of Blades, Windsor, Emblin, and Francis, or either of them? If you have any hesitation you will look at the circumstances of the confirmation. When he was taken with them, they had about them the mischievous furniture of their designs, I mean the printed papers. He was found almost in the act of command, and they of obedience. "Follow me, one and all," was the language he used. It was in confirmation that he was at the Coach and Horses, in Whitecapel, by Campbell and Dean, two soldiers totally unconnected with the conspirators, and indifferent witnesses. Their testimony perfectly agreed with that of Windsor. If you, therefore, believe Emblin and Windsor there is an end of the question. You have also heard the high character given of him by a man, on whom to pronounce an eulogy were to waste words; but you are to consider whether a change has not taken place since the period he speaks of. If you do not believe the witness, then he will stand exempted from the consequences of the charge imputed to him; but if you do believe them, then, as there is no question upon the law, so there will be none upon the fact. Gentlemen, you will consider of your verdict."

The lord president addressed the prisoners to the following effect:

"You, Edward Marcus Despard; you John Wood; you, Thomas Broughton; you, John Francis; you, Thomas Newman; you Daniel Tyndall; you, John Sedgwick Wratton; you, William Lander; you, Arthur Graham; and you, John M'Namara, have been severally indicted for having traitorously conspired against his majesty's person, his crown, and government, for the purposes of subverting the same, and changing the government of this realm. To this indictment you have severally pleaded *not guilty*, and put yourselves for trial upon God and your country, which country has found you guilty. After a long, patient, and I hope, just and impartial trial, you have been all and severally convicted, by a most respectable jury of your country, upon the several crimes laid to your charge. In the course of evidence upon your trial, such disclosures have been made, as to prove beyond the possibility of doubt, that the objects of your atrocious, abominable, and traitorous conspiracy, were to overthrow the government and to seize upon and destroy the sacred persons of our august and revered sovereign, and the illustrious branches of his royal house, which some of you, by the most solemn bond of your oath of allegiance, were pledged, and all of you, as his majesty's subjects, were indispensably bound, by your duty, to defend; to overthrow that constitution, its established freedom, and boasted usages, which have so long maintained amongst us that just and rational equality of rights and security of property, which have been for so many ages the envy and admiration of the world; and to erect upon its ruins a wild system of

anarchy and bloodshed, having for its object the subversion of all property and the massacre of its proprietors; the annihilation of all legitimate authority and established order; for such must be the import of that promise held out by the leaders of this atrocious conspiracy, of ample provision for the families of "those heroes who should fall in the struggle." The more effectually to ensure success in those diabolical machinations, and to encourage those who were to be seduced to their support, endeavours have been made by you and your accomplices, to seduce from their allegiance to their sovereign, the soldiers of his majesty; measures which, though they appear to have been, in too many instances, successful, yet I hope falsely said to be in that extent which has been stated in evidence.

Equally false, I hope, has been another assertion, that two thirds of the inhabitants of this country were ready for a change, and prepared to support and adopt such measures as were likely to be most effectual for obtaining it; a change, by which no less was contemplated, than the subversion of all the sources of law, order and public justice, and the substitution of massacre, anarchy, and all their dire effects. It has, however, pleased that divine Providence, which has mercifully watched over the safety of the nation, to defeat your wicked and abominable purpose by arresting your projects in their dark and dangerous progress, and thus averting that danger which your machinations had suspended over our heads; and by your timely detections, seizure and submittal to public justice, to afford time for the many thousands of his majesty's innocent and loyal subjects, the intended victims of your atrocious and sanguinary purpose, to escape that danger which so recently menaced them and which I trust, has not yet become too formidable for utter defeat.

Happily for the families, and the persons of thousands of your wicked and deluded accomplices, your detection has in time I hope, served to avert the calamities in which they would have inevitably involved themselves, as well as their innocent fellow citizens. The vigilance of that government, unceasingly directed to the public security, was not to be eluded by the dark and mysterious sorcery under which you endeavored to mask your wicked designs; your very endeavors to propagate and promote your projects have been the sources of your defeat; and thus it has happened, that when you imagined your vile purposes to be nearest their completion, they have been fortunately discovered by the very means through which you intended to put them in execution; and thus the intended victims who were on the eve of being involved in all the horrors of your projects, have fresh cause to acknowledge with gratitude the goodness of that all provident God, who has thus timely, and I hope for ever, put a stop to your diabolical plans.

"As to you, deluded victims of a desperate and abandoned conspiracy, before I conclude the awful task which remains for me to perform, I wish to say a few words to you on the enormity of those crimes which have brought you to your present melancholy and ignominious situation. And first, you Edward Marcus Despard, in whom the dignified pride of birth, the advantages of a liberal education, & the habits of intercourse in that rank in which your conduct was once so highly honorable, and from whom the testimony borne of your former conduct, by the honorable companions of your early pursuits, adduced in this court as witnesses for your character, should have induced us to expect widely different conduct and principles. How grossly have you misappropriated and abused the talents and opportunities which you enjoyed for honorable distinction in society; and how have you degraded yourself to the association of those unfortunate and wretched companions, by whom you are now surrounded, in whose ignominious fate you so justly share; but who are the unhappy victims of your seductive persuasion and example. I do not wish, at this awful moment, to urge any thing to you, and the degrading companions by whom you are surrounded, to sharpen the bitterness of your feelings, under the ignominy of your fate; but I would most earnestly wish to impress your mind, during the short period of your remaining life, with a due sense of your awful situation, and of the criminal conduct which has involved you in your present ignominious fate; I would earnestly entreat you zealously to endeavor to ful-

due the execrable infidelity of heart, of which in an ill fated moment, you have boasted—and regain that fanatical affection of the mind, which may prepare your soul for that salvation, which, by the infinite mercy of God, I beseech of that God you may maintain.

"And as to you, other unhappy prisoners, the wretched victims of his seduction and example, to what a dreadful and ignominious fate you have brought yourselves, and what sorrow and affliction have been entailed upon your families, by the atrocity of your crimes, and your purposed and sanguinary attempts to subvert that happy constitution and government, under the mild protection of which you might have continued to pursue indulgent avocations, and enjoy with comfort, the fruits of your honest and peaceful labors; and the unexampled mildness and merciful tendency of whose laws you have this day experienced in a long, a patient, a fair and most impartial trial, before that respectable and discerning jury, who have convicted you on the fullest and most uncontested evidence of your guilt. May the awful and impressive example of your untimely fate, prove a warning to your wicked associates and accomplices, in every quarter of this realm, and induce them to abandon those machinations which have brought you to this disgraceful catastrophe. May they learn to avoid your fate, by cultivating the blessings of that constitution which you have calumniated and endeavored to subvert; and by pursuing their honest and industrious avocations, and avoiding political cabals and sedicious conspiracies, avoid also those dreadful consequences to which they themselves would most probably be amongst the first victims.

"The same earnest advice I have just given to your unfortunate leader and seducer, I now offer to you, which is, to make the best use of the short period of life now remaining, to make your peace with an offended God for your crimes, and seek mercy in another life, which the interest of your fellow creatures will not suffer to be extended to you here."

PROVIDENCE, April 7.

Entered, schrs. Rebecca, Stubbs, Rickamond; Dispatch, Bird, Savannah; Nancy, S. Rhodes, Alexandria; ships Hope, Simmons, Canton; Arthur, Jenkes, do, sloop Sally, D. Crapon, N. York.

Cleared, sloop Hancock, C. Crapon, New York; brig Charlotte, Steere, Lisbon; sloops Laura, J. P. Rhodes, St. Bartholomew; Lydia, Benj. Rhodes, Norfolk; Friendship, Brown, N. York; schrs. Lydia, Field, Havanna; Ann E. liza, Wm. S. Brown, Surinam; Lucy, Culverson, Antigua; brig Ida, Appleby, Amsterdam.

NEW YORK, April 13.

Captain Green, of the brig George Clinton informs us that the Gov. of New Orleans had ordered all the pilots to proceed down the River, to be in readiness to receive the French fleet, which was hourly expected there.

Arrived, brig George Clinton, Green, New Orleans; Venus, Hildreth, Charlestown; schr. Eagle, Picket, Camden, N. E. sloop Harlequin, Gole, Savannah; Sea Flower, —, Milford, Del.—Cleared, brig Mary, Noble, Amsterdam; Geo. Burnham, Oporto; schr. Mercury, Beatrice, St. Johns; Two Brothers, Melby, Shelburn, sloop Columbia, Thatcher, St. Mary's; Fame, —, Charleston.

Ship Antonia, Rollins, has arrived at Leith, and was waiting for the ice to move out of the Elbe, in order to proceed for Hamburg.

Ship Three Brothers, M'Kenna, from Bermuda to this port, was met with in lat. 36, long 63, on her beam ends, and full of water.

Arrived since our last.

Brig George Clinton, Green, 26 days from New Orleans. Left there 54 sail of American vessels. Spoke coming down the river ship Superior; Mary, Sinclair & brig Antelope; brig Trio, Fleming, from Jamaica; and brig Amiable Matilda, all of New York, bound up. Spoke at the Belize, ship Aurora, of Philadelphia, from the Natchez; and schr. —, Johnson, for do.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.

Captain Wilson, of the ship Louis,

arrived here on Monday last, from Havre de Grace, has favored us with the loan of

a file of a new Paris paper, printed in the

moment; you have at fanatic affections which, by the influence of that God

other unhappy victims of his sedition, what a dreadful and have brought your sorrow and affliction on your families, by crimes, and your attempts to subdue and govern protection of which used to pursue us, I enjoy with our honest and peace-exemplified mildness of whose laws you experienced in a long, a most impartial trial, and discerning judged you on the fullest evidence of your foul and impressive extremely fate, prove a seduced associates and acquaintance of this realm, abandon those machinations which brought you to this. May they learn by cultivating the institution which you endeavored to subdue their honest and, and avoiding pernicious conspiracies, foul consequences to us would most probably victims.

First advice I have just given to you, which is, to make your peace good for your crimes another life, which our fellow creatures be extended to you

CE, April 7.  
Becca, Stubbs, Richard, Savannah; Nanxandria; ships Hope, Arthur, Jenckes, do. Brown, N. York.

Charlottesville, Steere, J. P. Rhodes, St. Benj. Rhodes, Brown, N. York; Havanna; Ann E. Surinam; Lucy, brig Ida, Appleby;

K, April 13.  
of the brig George, hat the Gov. of New all the pilots to proffer, to be in readiness, each fleet, which was

George Clinton, Green, Hildreth, Charles, Picket, Camden, N. Gole, Savannah; Seaford, Del.—Cleared, Amsterdam; Geof. Mercury, Beatrice Brothers, Melby, Columbia, Thatcher, St. Charleston.

Collins, has arrived at, waiting for the ice to be, in order to proceed.

Others, M'Kenna, from port, was met with in her beam ends, and since our last.

Left there 54 sail of Spoke coming down; Mary, Sinclair's Trio, Fleming, from Amiable Matilda, all end up. Spoke at the of Philadelphia, from John Johnson,

HIA, April 13.  
of the ship Louisiany last, from Havre ed us with the loan of paper, printed in the

English language, called "THE AR-  
CUS, or London review'd in Paris." This paper is in open hostility to the British government, and is said to possess much of consular patronage. Thus while Bonaparte is encouraging a disaffected Englishman to defame his country, the British government is punishing an exiled Frenchman for ridiculing the Consular authority!

WILLIAMSPORT, (Pen.) April 7. We learn that one of the gentlemen who was in pursuit of the villain who committed the horrid act near Pine Creek, has returned, convinced from the information he received at several places on the road, that he has been taken at Shippensburg, and is now confined in Carlisle jail. This, together with the former account received by the way of Huntingdon and Bellefont; which so nearly agree, may, we think, be entitled to credit. It must give pleasure to every mind possessing the least spark of humanity to hear of the detection of the ungrateful wretch who has committed an action which even the savages would shrink from.

RICHMOND, April 13.  
Richmond Election.—Doctor JOHN ADAMS, a federalist was re-elected last Monday, to represent this city in the next General Assembly, by a majority of 15 votes.

WINCHESTER, April 11. At the final close of the poll, for a representative to Congress, and a Senator and two Delegates to the Legislature of this Commonwealth, on Wednesday evening last, at the Court House in this town, the numbers appeared as follows, viz.

For CONGRESS.  
Gen. Smith, 793  
Capt. Joseph Sexton, 163  
For SENATOR.  
Lewis Wolfe, Esq. 731  
George North, Esq. 274  
For DELEGATES.  
Maj. Hugh Holmes, 927  
John Milton, Esq. 465  
James Chipley, Esq. 462  
Samuel Kercheval, Esq. 148

Both the candidates for Congress are Democratic Republicans. The counties of Frederick and Shenandoah compose the district—the election commenced in Shenandoah yesterday—we have not heard the result; but, from every information, General Smith's interest will prevail.—It is said Captain Sexton has declined the contest, but of this we are not certain.

The district for senator is composed of several counties—the ultimate issue of the polls in this will be noticed hereafter.

Three of the candidates for a seat in the House of Assembly are Democratic Republican. John Milton, Esq. an independent honest farmer, was the only Federal Republican that offered.

Lewis Wolfe, Esq. who has gained such a large majority over his opponent in this county for the Senate, is also a Federal Republican.

From the foregoing statement it will be discovered, that the Sun of Federalism has again illuminated this country, and that the moon of democracy is on the wane.

We forgot to mention in our last, that John Ship, Esq. who had declared himself a candidate for the Congressional seat, declined before the poll commenced—his politics, it is said, are perfectly neutral.

### Alexandria Advertiser.

SATURDAY, APRIL 16.

The President's Letter to Governor Clinton.

"The committee to whom was referred that part of the President's Message of the 15th Dec. last which relates to the militia institution of the United States," &c. Reported, that "in order to impress the State Governments with the importance of the subject," &c. "the President of the United States be requested to write to the Executive of each State, urging the importance and indispensable necessity of vigorous exertions on the part of the State Governments to carry into effect the militia system adopted by the National Legislature, agreeably to the powers reserved by the States respectively by the Constitution of the United States," &c. In consequence of which the President has addressed the following letter to our Governor:

(N. Y. Ev. Pg. 2)

"Washington City, Feb. 1803

SIR,  
In compliance with a request of the house of representatives of the U. States, as well as with a sense of what is necessary, I take the liberty of urging on you the importance and indisputable necessity of vigorous exertions, on the part of the state governments, to carry into effect the militia system adopted by the national legislature, agreeably to the power reserved to the states respectively, by the constitution of the United States, and in a manner the best calculated to insure such a degree of military discipline and knowledge of tactics, as will, under the auspices of a benign Providence, render the militia a sure and permanent bulwark of national defence.

None but an armed nation can dispense with a standing army. To keep ours armed and disciplined is, therefore, at all times important—but especially so at a moment when rights the most essential to our welfare have been violated, and an infraction of treaty committed without colour or pretext: and although we are willing to believe that this has been the act of a subordinate agent only, yet, as it is wise to prepare for the possibility that it may have been the leading measure of a system; while, therefore, we are endeavoring, and with a considerable degree of confidence, to obtain by friendly negotiation, a peaceable redress of the injury, and effectual provision against its repetition, let us array the strength of the nation, and be ready to do with promptitude and effect, whatever a regard to justice and our future security may require.

Accept assurance of my high consideration and respect.

(Signed)

TH: JEFFERSON.  
To his Excellency the Governor  
of the State of N. York.

On this letter, written from "a sense of what is necessary" urging an "indispensable necessity" the Editor of the United States Gazette thus remarks:—

The reader will perceive that one part of this presidential letter is arrant nonsense. The sentence beginning, "And although we are willing to believe" &c. is incomplete. Whether the fault lies with the writer or the printer, we know not.

One or two of the sentiments in this letter deserves to be noticed. It is expressly admitted, that "rights themself essential to our welfare have been violated, and an infraction of treaty committed without color or pretext." If the president had added, that two millions of dollars have been secretly appropriated and sent to France, and between two and three thousand more to New Orleans, for the purpose of getting the broken treaty mended, and these violated rights restored, we humbly conceive that the picture here drawn would have been more complete.

We know not exactly what are Mr. Jefferson's notions of the law of nations. We should suppose, from the expression here used, that he "is willing to believe" that a private individual of a nation is capable of infringing a public treaty; for if the infraction came from an authorized and accredited officer of the Spanish or French government, it is the act of the government.

It is a little extraordinary that language of this kind should, at this period, be found in an official communication from the president. When Mr. Griswold proposed in Congress a resolution to call upon the president for such documents as he might think proper to communicate relative to the cession of Louisiana to France, the democrats with one voice cried out, that Spain would be offended, because the adoption of the resolution would indicate a suspicion that there had been something unfair on her part. Now the president officially declares, in so many words, that there has been a violation of our rights, and an infraction of treaty without colour or pretext. How is such inconsistency to be accounted for? Must we be forced into the conviction, that though we have ministers resident at the court of Spain and France, the president has been so shamefully negligent of his duty as to suffer more than fifteen months to elapse, after the cession of those provinces was publicly known, without ascertaining in what manner the transfer is to affect our rights and interests? Was it to prevent an exposure of the negligence that the resolution was negative?

New England Federalism.—The election for Governor in New Hampshire is over. The returns as now received give Governor Gilman, federalist, 11,202 Langdon, democrat, 7,771

Majority, 3,431

A southern democratic paper, we forgot which, but we believe it was the "Baltimore True American," took occasion, about a fortnight since, to congratulate the party on their success in New Hampshire. The democrats, he said, had only to continue their exertions as they had begun, and federalism would soon receive its last blow in New Hampshire. So too, Duane congratulated his readers on their increase of numbers in the same state. Now the truth is, that last year the federalists had a greater majority than they had the year before, and this year they have a greater majority than they had last year. The democrats are certainly welcome to console themselves as much as they can with this species of reasoning, nor shall we attempt to disturb their meditations on the pleasing prospect it affords them. It reminds us of the same sort of logic inverse exhibited by the learned Doctor Ledyard in his letter to Mr. Riker, giving an account of the duel between Swartwout and Clinton: Mr. Clinton's conduct in refusing to fire a sixth time, he says, "was gallant," and he goes on to prove it by saying "it was after two shots had taken effect in a similar direction, giving an intimation to the party to elevate his pistol only for a more decisive fire." Now the first of these shots took effect in the leg, and the second in the ankle, so that according to this process of reasoning and shooting, his friend would in the course of a few discharges more, have fired directly into his own shins!

To return. The following letter is just received from a respectable correspondent:

"Boston, 5th April 1803.

"You may assure the democrats of New York, who appeared so sure of the revolution of Massachusetts, that they reckoned without their host; and that democracy has long since attained its acme here. The election of yesterday has demonstrated not a firm adherence to the good old cause in the federalists; but a positive falling off in the late democratic phalanx. From every quarter, accounts, not only give governor Strong a larger majority of votes than last year, but Lieutenant Governor and Senators also, who are more and particularly obnoxious, to jacobin abuse and opposition. We have yet had no accounts of the election of a single democratic Senator. Massachusetts, you may rest assured, is safe for one year more at least."

The last eastern papers confirm this account. Returns from a great number of towns and counties give an increase of federalism and decrease of democracy.

The editor of the *Ægis* acknowledges, with a sigh, "The republicans of Massachusetts have again been fairly weighed in the balance, and found wanting. In the present election, as in every preceding effort, they have been completely disengaged." So much for the high sounding threats of the democrats, which we have been accustomed for several years to hear, that they would completely revolutionize New England.—No; while the great body of the clergy remain firm, in vain may the rains descend and the floods come and the winds of democracy blow—the Citadel of truth and sound principles shall never fall.

N. Y. Ev. Pg. 8.

### Philosophic Capriccios.

The President finds it necessary to recruit for the public service; but least the people should be alarmed with the terror of war and of having taxes drawn from their pockets, he has all along ordered that the enlisting business should proceed "full and mute." There is now a recruiting party stationed at this town, (Fredericktown) but they are not allowed to have drum or fife. Our worthy President is indeed full of whimsy and fun. He is constantly mounting some new hobby, too absurd for any person but himself to think of. Witness the dry dock plan. This was a vast favourite with him for a while; and he actually had a little model of it made for the entertainment of his courtiers, consisting of a mahogany deck about 18 inches long, 12 poplar trusses each 4 inches in length placed 3 abreast, and with this apparatus by the help of a can of water he used to show how the whole process was to be carried on. The rule veto of even his friends in Congress,

suddenly interrupted his "useful labors" when "in the full tide of successful experiment." At first his Majesty pouted like a child, but he was soon reconciled and like a child indeed he got tired himself in a little time of his own rattle. The same capricious oddity guides him in domestic matters, of which we could retail a whole chapter of true anecdotes. One of his wifest housewife discoveries we have lately heard of, is, that the common notion is quite a mistaken one of its being prejudicial to health to lodge in damp rooms or damp sheets, that in France when they want to recommend their sheets to you as clean, they always say they are damp, &c. Now all such stuff as this to be sure is very trifling; but yet a mere trifles, like "the apparel, oft proclaims the man." An elderly gentleman, some years ago looking at Mr. Jefferson's carriage of his own whirligig design and contrivance, merrily exclaimed, "Puh! A good mechanical genius spoilt by making a vice president of him." We shall now allow that Mr. Jefferson has a good mechanical genius, because such a genius turns to something more useful than a taste for gewgaws and toys and trumpery.

But we will allow that he might make a tolerable charlatan or Merry Andrew, or any thing else better than President of the U. States.

(Frederick Town Herald.)

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Port au Prince, dated the 17th ult. to his friend in N. York.

"I feel happy to inform you that I remain in perfect health—there is very little business doing here, and the merchants are all discouraged. Lumber however is in demand: Hoops are from 80 to 95 dollars per M. A French brig from Havre de Grace, bound for this port, anchored on the night of the 11th instant, in sight of the guard ship, and the next morning she was boarded by the brigands and every person on board put to death, being 28 passengers, 14 sailors, and 3 officers making in all 45 persons. Barges were immediately sent from the guard ship, but their efforts were all in vain, for as soon as the Negroes got possession of their prize, they crowded all sail, ran her ashore and immediately set her on fire, and in a short time she was consumed. I hope you will caution all captains to be on their guard in coming up this Bay, as it is very dangerous indeed. I feel very uneasy, and unless an alteration takes place very soon I shall leave this place for the island of Cuba, for all persons living here are in danger of their lives. Four places have been evacuated within the last week, one of which was Petit Guave. The brigands got possession of 8000 cartridges and a powder house, containing enough to supply these two years."

### Spring Goods.

THE subscriber has just imported an assortment of SPRING Goods, consisting of printed calicoes and cotton cambricks, cimbrics and muslins, silk shawls and handkerchiefs, silk waistcoats, florentines and collar velvet, diapers, diaper and damask table cloths, table and tea napkins, cord'd and India liniments, superfine jeans, Marseilles quilting, 7-8 and 11-8 cotton checks, 9-8 striped do, superfine cloths and cassimeres, cotton and thread hose, counterpanes, Marseilles bed quilts, brown holland, 7-8 and 4-4 Irish linens, nuns, colour'd 3 chord and shoe threads—old port wine in bottles.

Spades, shovels, common and German scythes, broad hoes, fat irons, seine twine, fishing, deep 1-a and plough lines, seil hats in cases, sheeting, wrapping and tea paper, single and double mattresses, &c.

Which he now offers for sale at his store, the corner of Fairfix and King streets, for cash, approved notes, or the usual credit to punctual men.

JAS. SANDERSON.

April 16. eo

### Tan Bark Wanted.

THE subscribers want to purchase a large quantity of Tan Bark, for which they will give a generous price, if delivered in good order. Apply to

EZRA KINSEY and Co.

ISAAC SHREVE,

Or ROBERT KIRK.

For Sale—Spanish Hides, Tannery Oil, and Hatters' Wool.

E. KINSEY and Co.

March 21. eo

## Public Vendue.

Will be sold at public auction on Saturday, 16th inst. at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, The SCHOONER MARY, as she now lies at Hunter's ship yard, together with all her materials, which may been seen on application to the subscriber.

The terms of sale will be approved paper at six months.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

April 7.

Ricketts, Newton and Co.

Have for Sale,

50 boxes Segars,  
2 bales Muslins,  
6 pipes old Madera Wine,  
5 drs. Threads,  
100 pieces Bandanoes,  
10 bales Cotton,  
1 trunk low pric'd Calicoes,  
2 butts French Brandy,  
50 boxes Soap and Candles,  
4 boxes Wool and Cotton Cards,  
50 kegs Tobacco (James river)  
20 lbs. Beef and Pork,  
10 hds. Sugar,  
10 tons Swedish Iron,  
20 boxes Chocolate,  
100 reams Wrapping Paper,  
100 do. Writing do.  
French and Nova Scotia Plaster,  
Lisbon and Turk's Island Salt.

A large quantity of Bran to be sold very cheap, if taken away soon.

They are giving Cash for Wheat, Flour, Corn, Rye and Tobacco, April 2.

Notice is hereby given to the Creditors of Thomas Moore, a Bankrupt, that on Wednesday the 30th day of April, 1803, between the hours of three and five o'clock, at the Clerk's Office of Alexandria county, a certificate of discharge will be given to the said bankrupt, unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary, by the said creditors or either of them.

By order of the honorable William Kilty, Chief Judge of the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia, this twelfth day of April, 1803.

G. DENEALE, Clerk.

April 13.

430th A

PROPOSALS  
For Publishing by Subscription,  
MODERN GEOGRAPHY.  
A DESCRIPTION  
OF THE  
EMPIRES, KINGDOMS, STATES, AND  
COLONIES,  
WITH THE  
OCEANS, SEAS, AND ISLES,  
IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD,  
Including the most recent discoveries and  
political alterations, digested on  
a new plan.

BY JOHN PINKERTON.  
THE ASTRONOMICAL INTRODUCTION

BY THE REV. S. VINCE, A. M. F. R. S  
And plumbian professor of astronomy, and  
experimental philosophy, in the  
University of Cambridge.

WITH NUMEROUS MAPS,  
Drawn under the direction, and with the  
latest improvements, of Arrowsmith,  
and engraved by the best artists.

CONDITIONS.

The work will be comprised in two octavo volumes, of about 800 pages each, and a quarto Atlas, containing all the Maps.

It will be printed on a fine paper and new type.

The price to subscribers will be nine dollars, neatly bound and lettered. Each volume will be delivered as soon as finished, and no money required until the delivery.

It will be put to press as soon as four hundred subscribers are obtained.

Those gentlemen who may be desirous of promoting the circulation of this important work, may have one copy gratis, by procuring and accounting for the subscription of six.

In order to produce an immediate encouragement to the undertaking, the sum at which subscribers will receive their books is considerably under that which will be charged to non-subscribers.

Subscribers received by ROBERT and JOHN GRAY, King-Street, where a specimen of the work may be seen.

Alex. Feb. 28.

4

Just Received,  
A QUANTITY OF EXCELLENT  
VENISON HAMS,  
For sale by  
T. SIMMS.

Just received and for Sale by  
JOSEPH DYSON,  
A QUANTITY OF  
FRESH ORANGES,  
By the hundred or smaller quantity.  
Jan. 19.

T. SIMMS—has for Sale,  
SALT,  
For the fisheries; some excellent Bacon,  
and first quality Segars.  
March 22.

ABEL WILLIS  
Has just received,  
Fresh Lemons by the box,  
Apples by the bl.  
Fresh Limes,  
Sweet Cider by the bl.  
And a general Assortment of Groceries.  
March 22.

Just received and for Sale by  
the subscriber, a quantity of  
Nova-Scotia Grindstones,  
of best grit and quality.

Also,  
A few boxes N. Scotia smoked  
HERRINGS.

Wm. HODGSON.  
April 2.

Just received, and for Sale,  
By Robert and John Gray,  
[Price 25 Cents]

Negro Slavery Unjustifiable.  
A SERMON.

By ALEX. M'LEOD, A. M. Pastor of the  
reformed Congregation, in the City of  
New-York.  
Feb. 5.

ADVERTISEMENT.  
On THURSDAY the twenty first day of  
April, if fair, if not the next fair day,  
will be exposed to sale on the premises,  
in the Town of Alexandria, the following  
parcels of

LAND,  
late the property of John Fitzgerald,  
deceased, sold pursuant to the directions  
of his will for the payment of his debts, &  
avit:

One parcel of Land lying up  
on the east side of Union street, & to the northward  
of Wolfe street, fronting twenty eight feet upon  
Union street and extending about two hundred  
feet into the river, having an alley of twenty  
feet running the whole depth; upon it is  
erected a frame wash house; the ground is sub-  
ject to an annual rent of 94-17s. 6d. It will be  
sold altogether or divided to accommodate pur-  
chasers. One half of a brewery, with all the im-  
plements and utensils necessary for carrying on  
the business upon a large scale, and a parcel of  
ground appertaining to it, fronting about forty  
feet upon Water street. The whole of the brew-  
ery and ground is now under a demise, at a rent  
of six hundred dollars per annum. A piece of  
ground immediately joining on the brewery, and  
fronting about forty feet on Water street, and ex-  
tending one hundred and fifty feet on a twenty  
foot alley. A piece of ground lying upon  
the south side of King street, extending 82  
feet to a twelve feet alley; in the front is erected  
a two story brick dwelling house, and upon  
the alley a two story frame warehouse. A piece of  
ground lying upon Union and Wolfe streets, ex-  
tending with Wolfe sixty two feet and an half,  
with Union about 120 feet. Upon this there are  
erected a large distillery, warehouse and com-  
pany room. The improvements were calculated for  
carrying on that business upon an extensive scale;  
there are three stills in it. Not having been  
occupied for sometime past, the property is something  
out of repair. The ground is subject to an an-  
nual rent of 131. 18s. od. There will be sold  
at the same time, a small tract of land contigu-  
ous to the town, containing 37 acres. This is  
subdivided, and will be sold in small parcels con-  
taining from 4 to 6 acres. The sale will be con-  
tinued till the whole is sold.

The terms of sale are one fourth of the pur-  
chase money in hand when deeds will be ex-  
ecuted to the purchasers; one other fourth in six  
months after the sale; one other fourth in twelve  
months, and the remaining fourth in eighteen  
months, for securing these payments deed of trust  
will be required upon the property conveyed from  
each purchaser for his part.

THOS. A. DIGGES,  
JAMES KEITH,  
Acting Executors of John Fitzgerald.  
March 7.

ends.

To Rent,  
For one or more Years,  
A STORE HOUSE situated  
at Fairfax Court House, which, from the  
great resort of people, is thought to be a  
very good stand for a Retail Store. For  
terms apply to Mr. John Ratcliff, living  
at the place, or the subscriber.

RICHD. RATCLIFF.

Feb. 2.

227

## ADAM LYNN

Has just received,  
A HANDSOME A SORTMENT OF  
Jewelry, plated, Japaned & fancy  
GOODS, of a superior quality, and of  
the newest Patterns,  
CONSISTING OF

Gold Lockets, Rings, Ear  
Rings, Bracelets, Watch Keys, Seals; pea  
Rings, Bracelets, &c. plated Urns, Te  
Pots, Castors, Candlesticks, &c. Japaned  
Urns; Tea Trays and Bread Baskets; gilt  
Necklaces, Brooches, Bracelets, Watch  
Keys, Seals, Chains, &c. Knives & Forks,  
Penknives, Razors, Scissars; Paints in  
boxes; marking Types in boxes complete;  
Snuff Boxes; plated & steel Spurrs; gold  
and silver Epaulets; Lace Cord, Thread  
Spangles, Purls, silver Thimbles, Tooth  
Picks & Pencil Cases, with a number of  
other articles.

He has also for Sale,  
Watchmakers Materials, and  
gilt and common Watch Keys, by the  
dozen, and Crucibles.

He manufactures, as usual, all kinds of  
Gold and Silver Work, to any pattern.

Nov. 24. d 300ft.

For SALE, or RENT,

THE STORE I have occu-  
pied for sometime past, situated on Prince  
street, opposite Col. Hooe's. There is an  
stand in town more eligible or better cal-  
culated for carrying on an extensive wet  
or dry Good Business. The Cellar per-  
fectly dry, with a door at each end, will  
hold one thousand barrels of Flour.—  
Twenty-five hundred barrels may be stored  
upon the Premises without any incon-  
venience to the occupant. For terms ap-  
ply to

WILLIAM OXLEY.

December 7. eo

Valuable Property and Cash,  
TO BE DISPOSED OF  
FOR WET or DRY GOODS.

The moieties of two large tracts  
of LAND lying on Sandy river, in the  
county of Kenhawa, state of Virginia, the  
title papers of which are ready and im-  
mediate conveyance may be made. To  
this property are attached Two Thousand  
Dollars in Cash, to be disposed of in the  
same manner. These lands are represent-  
ed to be valuable, and will be parted with  
at nearly the cost of warrants and original  
charges. Necessity compels this property  
to be offered for sale, that a dividend may  
take place with those interested, some of  
whom much want their proportion of the  
money therein vested.

To view the plats, title papers, &c.  
call on Mr. Groverman.

Feb. 24. 211230

Notice.

ALL persons having claims  
on the estate of the late Mrs. Martha  
Washington, are requested to exhibit their  
accounts properly proved; and those per-  
sons indebted to the said estate are desired  
to make immediate payment.

THOMAS PETER,  
Acting Executor.

March 3. 212

Oxen Wanted.

CASH will be given for three  
pair of good Working Oxen, that have  
been well trained. Apply to Colonel G.  
Gilpin, Geo. Coryell, or

Wm. HARTSHORNE.

April 8. 311240

THE people of Alexandria  
and its vicinity, are hereby respectfully  
informed, that the Secretary of the Navy  
has permitted me to continue on furlough  
for a considerable time, during which I  
contemplate residing at Mr. Cuning-  
ham's, in Union street, where I offer my  
service, as a Practitioner of Physic, Surgery,  
and Midwifery. Those who may please  
to honor me with their commands in either  
branch, may rely on my performance with  
honor and punctuality.

J. COWDERY.

April 13. eo

VALUABLE PROPERTY,

For Sale or Rent.

THOSE two three story BRICK  
HOUSES on the corner of King and Co-  
lumbus streets. They will be sold sepa-  
rate or together, as may be preferred, or  
they may be rented for one or more years.  
Apply to

THOMAS PATTEN.

Dec. 20. eo

Cash given for rags.

## Public Sale.

Will be sold to the highest bidder, without  
reserve, on Thursday the 28th day of  
April, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon,  
Sundry Building Lots,  
SITUATED on the corner of Wash-  
ington and Cameron streets, with sundry  
Buildings thereon; at which time the  
pavement will be completed round the said  
lots.

Also,

That whole square, with five  
framed HOUSES thereon, either in lots  
from 36 to 25 feet front by 100 and 116  
feet deep; a nineteen feet alley to each lot,  
or the whole square, as may best suit the  
purchasers.

It is pleasantly situated on Oronoce  
Alfred, Patrick, and Pendleton streets,  
laying between John Dundas and John  
Potts, Esquires, houses. A part of the  
purchase can be taken in goods, the terms  
of payment will be more particularly made  
known on the day of Sale.

JOHN BOGUE.

April 6. eo. ds.

## Public Sale.

Will be offered at Public Sale on Monday  
the second day of next month,

That HOUSE and LOT on  
Prince Street in which Mr. Thomas Wil-  
liams now lives.

Also, that large and valuable  
LOT situated on the corner of Prince and  
Washington streets, on which is a two  
story frame HOUSE occupied by Mr.  
Amos Alexander. There is a ground  
rent of Thirty Dollars per annum on the  
last mentioned property. The terms of  
payment will be one fourth ready money,  
and the other three fourths in fix, twelve  
and eighteen months.

April 4. eods

Thirty Dollars Reward.

STOLEN from the subscriber, in the  
City of Washington, on Monday eve-  
ning last, the 21st inst., a handsome,  
well made, dark Jorrel Mare, with a saddle  
and bridle: The mare is about 14 hands  
high, about 6 years old, has a small white spot behind the right ear under  
the bridle, some white upon one of her hind legs. A man (with evident signs  
of guilt) crossed George Town Ferry and  
rode off post haste, and was traced near  
Colchester the same evening.

The above reward will be given on de-  
livery of the mare and thief, or Fifteen  
Dollars for the mare.

EBENEZER NESMITH,  
near the Navy Yard.  
City of Washington,  
March 25.

211250

Vaccine Inoculation.

For a more general diffusion  
of this benefit to society—as a means to  
extinguish that dreadful disease, the Small  
Pox.

The subscriber proposes to those who  
will extend so important a considerati-  
on, that an institution be formed in some  
respects on the plan of Dr. James Smith of  
Baltimore—by a subscription of one dollar  
to intitle to send four, and so in pro-  
portion to any number of persons, whose  
circumstances deny them the benefit other-  
wise with convenience.

Those disposed to favor the plan will  
please apply at Mr. Samuel Bishop's Book  
Store, Royal Street, where a subscription  
paper is left, or to the subscriber in Prince  
street.

CH: DOUGLASS,  
Who has FRESH MATTER of  
the eighth day at the service of the faculty.  
March 29.

BENJAMIN SHREVE, Jun.  
Has for Sale on low terms, at his store,  
corner of Prince and Union streets,

1700 bushels Cadiz SALT,  
First quality Russis Cordage, assorted,  
Old Sable Iron,  
Sugar in hds. and barrels,  
Pepper and Cinnamon,  
Boxes fresh Raisins,  
Sherry, Malaga, and Catalonia

Barcelona Brandy,  
Hyson Skin, and Souchong Tea,  
Bales India Cottons, Checks and Calicos,  
China and Longee romal Handkerchiefs,  
A few pieces Scotch Osnaburgs,  
Mould and dip'd Candies,  
Red Seal Leather,  
A few pieces elegant Furniture.

March 17.

PRINTED DAILY BY  
S. SNOWDEN.

March 18.

At 10 o'clock  
Store, the  
breets.  
Rum in  
Whiskey  
Apple Br  
Gin in  
Molasses in  
Sugar in h  
White and  
Coffee in c  
Raisins in  
Queen's W  
A variety  
—AMON  
Broad Cloths,  
Cassimeres,  
Kerseys,  
Coatings,  
Hamthicks,  
Fearnought,  
Blankets,  
Planes,  
Negro Cottons,  
Worled and orth  
Stockings,  
THOS. PA  
April 16.

On TU  
At 10 o'clock, wil  
Rum in hogf  
French Brandy in  
Gin in pipes and  
Whiskey and Ap  
Sugar in hds. tie  
Coffee in tierces a  
Chocolate.  
White and brown  
Mould and dip'd C  
Raisins in kegs, ba  
Figs in kegs and f  
Queens Ware in cr  
FURN